



August 2014
The Hughes News
The Official Publications of the
Brigadier General John T Hughes
Camp # 614 and
Lt. Col. John R. Boyd Chapter # 236



The John B Saunders Home

This home was part of the scene of one of Quantrill's early war battles with the Jayhawkers in Jackson County. While the Jayhawkers were on a raid stealing personal property, burning homes, and pistol whipping one woman, Quantrill and some of his men caught up with them. An ensuing high speed running battle on horseback occurred as the Jayhawkers tried to run back to Independence. One Yankee was shot out of the saddle in front of this home. The Saunders were Southern People but took the Yankee in and nursed him back to health. By the time Order # 11 came around in 1864, that Yankee had risen in rank and ordered that the Saunders Home be spared the torch. The home still stands today at 17601 R. D. Mize Road. See Paul Petersen Article inside!



The Hughes News

Camp # 614

August 2014

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Message From The Commander, Jason Coffman

Confederate Patriots,

Why do we honor our Confederate ancestors who fought in the Confederate States of America Military? Do you ever ask that question? Well, I have researched it a lot and here is what I have to say as to why they fought. Abraham Lincoln was a Marxist and a traitor. He appointed many of the German 48ers (fleeing Germany after a failed Marxist



revolution) to his top Generals and Staff during the War of Northern Aggression (Civil War is a misnomer). He himself had close ties to Karl Marx, and Marx himself was a supporter of the Union's cause in the war (because he understood that cause was to advance socialist ideals). Lincoln ripped to shreds the Constitution, suspending Habeas Corpus (a Right, not a privilege, as is suggested in the Constitution [another example of Federalist victory]) and imprisoning those in the North who spoke out against his actions. He had hundreds of thousands of men slaughtered, both North and South and he forcefully (unethically, immorally and unlawfully if we are to lend any credence at all to the unanimous Declaration of the thirteen united States of America [know commonly as the Declaration of Independence]). He also created the Internal Revenue Service in 1862, which still exists today as the collection agents for the Federal Reserve System.

The 14th Amendment, "ratified" in the months after the War of Northern Aggression and in the midst of Reconstruction, created a new class of citizen which had never before existed - the "United States citizen". Prior to the 14th Amendment, all Citizens were of their State, not of the "federal" government (which is only the 10 mile square District of Columbia, outlying federal territories and military bases). After the 14th Amendment, this new class of citizen was imposed upon all sovereign Citizens of the united States and lowered them to a legal status of second class citizens whom enjoyed no Rights save for the Right to live in the United States. This new "citizen" is a

Coffman continued on page 3...

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Camp Calendar

August 14th, 7:00 PM Camp Meeting Kross Lounge and Ernie's Restaurant 605 N Sterling Sugar Creek, MO 64054 816-254-9494 Our speakers this month will be Linda Emley of the Ray County Historical Society. Her topics will be Ray County pwsen's who Fought in the War, and the Battle of Albany-How the Yankees got Bill Anderson.

August 16th Battle of Lone Jack Commemoration There will be a parade to remember the Battle along with a Service at the Mass Grave there. Hughes Camp will set up our booth. There will also be an evening Candlelight tour that Lone Jack needs volunteers to be tour guides. If interested please contact Dan Hadley

Outlaw Days Richmond Missouri September 6 2014 The Camp will set up our booth, spread the word and hawk our wares. We picked up several new members at the Richmond Mushroom Festival this last Spring.



**Br. Gen. John T
Hughes**

What's been happening on the Western Front..

Message from Adjutant Yeatman... Dues Collections are coming along nicely, thanks to all of you that have already submitted your renewal dues! We have some members that have not sent theirs in yet, if you could jump on that it would be greatly appreciated to help me finish processing this stuff and get it to HQ. We've always had right at 100% renewals and that is what has helped the Camp to grow thru the years. Your continued support is appreciated! Larry Yeatman

July 10th Camp Meeting

At the July Meeting we had Harold Dellinger speak to us. As always Harold is a wealth of knowledge. Harold is the President of the William Clarke Quantrill Society, a local and Missouri Civil War Historian, and edited the book, "Jesse James-The Best Writings about the Notorious Outlaw and his Gang."

Harold talked to us about the July 6th, 1864, Mystery's of the Grinter Farm Fight. This happened one year after Order #11 was implemented by the Yankees. There were no regular Confederate Troops in the Jackson County area, only guerilla fighters, recruiters and spies. The Union had brought in the 2nd Colorado. This was a group of Indian fighters and were good riders and fighters. They were tough mountain men and were mostly somewhat older soldiers and they were sic'd on the young guerillas operating in this area.

The guerillas were suffering a crisis in leadership at this time. Quantrill was somewhat disillusioned by now and was also in love. He didn't like dealing with Anderson and Todd. George Todd took over

as the guerilla leader. He was having a hard time fighting off the 2nd Colorado.

The Grinter Farm was on what is now Lee's Summit road and just north of where Truman East Medical Center now stands. The Grinter's were northern sympathizers but also friends with the Youngers. It is said that Grinter cast the only vote for Lincoln in Jackson County. Todd was camped out at the Moore Farm nearby and cut a local telegraph wire. Union Troops were dispatched to reinstall the telegraph wire. Todd hoped that BG James Totten would be heading towards Lee's Summit under 2nd Colorado escort.

Now here's where the mysteries starts. Union records say they sent out 24-60 men. As they came up the road, 4 guerillas showed themselves, and turned south down the road, where Dick Yeager and men were waiting to ambush the 2nd Colorado. The guerillas had 4 pistols each where as the 2nd Co. was armed with one pistol and carbine each. Yankee Cpt Wagner said he and his 25 men were attacked by 100 guerillas and that they killed 9 bushwhackers and wounded 15. Confederate accounts say there were 62-63 union troops and maybe 60 guerillas and 0 guerillas killed. The Bushwhacker giving that account said the 2nd Colorado was the bravest soldiers he ever saw.

So as you can see the Yankee and Southern troop counts vary quite a bit. Harold thinks the truth lies somewhere in the Middle. **Thanks Harold for speaking to us!**



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Coffman continued... fictional persona incorporated under the "act of 1871" otherwise known as The District of Columbia Organic Act of 1871 and declared to be an "enemy of the state" under the Amendatory Act of 1933 which modified the Trading With the Enemy Act of 1917. These "citizens" are sub-corporations of THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Inc., and they enjoy none of the unalienable Rights recognized by the "federal" government that are inherent within the Citizens of the united States (and as a matter of fact and law, within all mankind).

How come, if all of mankind has these inherent Rights? Because United States citizens aren't man. They're corporate entities.

Now I figure my ancestors understood human nature and they saw what was going to happen if they did not fight. What say you? See you at the next meeting on Thursday, August 14th.

Yours in the Bonds of Confederate Brotherhood,

Jason-Nathaniel: coffman

John T. Hughes Camp 614 Commander



To the left is our July speaker, Harold Dellinger.

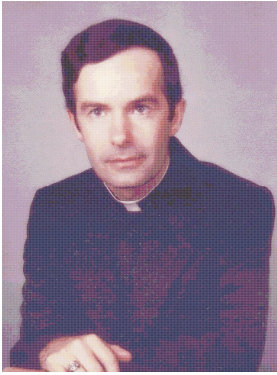
Our Meeting Place!



Kross Lounge and Ernie's Restaurant
605 N Sterling Ave Sugar Creek Mo 64054
816-254-9494



Chaplain's Corner, Hughes Camp Chaplain Richard W Rudd



The tradition of designating specific places to memorialize important events is as old as mankind. The ancient patriarchs of the Old Testament often followed this practice. For example, Jacob (Israel) had a night vision from God at Bethel of a ladder between Heaven and earth traversed by

angels. The next morning, Jacob exclaimed, "How awesome is this place!" (Gen. 28:17) He took a stone and set it up as a pillar and anointed it with oil to mark the location and serve as a silent teacher and reminder to future passersby of what transpired there.

There is also historical precedent that those who seek to rewrite history, uproot tradition, supplant values, or by some other means decimate a culture understand the significance of place. When David bought the threshing floor of Ornan in Jerusalem (I Chron. 21:25), he purchased what is now known as the Temple Mount and the prophesied focus of the world's attention. It is and will remain the most valuable and contested piece of real estate on earth. The Syrian conqueror Antiochus IV (175-163 BC), in his attempt to replace the Jewish culture with Hellenism, defiled the Temple by sacrificing a pig on the altar. (I Mac. 1:39) Today, the Moslem Dome of the Rock continues to defile the site from which the Jews have been forcefully evicted but to which they have never relinquished the deed.

The National Park Service and its director, Jonathan Jarvis, have formed a committee to identify prominent homosexuals and those otherwise confused about their sexuality for the purpose of giving special recognition to their history and accomplishments. This special recognition will be made by the committee's selection of geographical locations to be included in the National Register of Historic Places, designated as national historic landmarks, and memorialized by national monuments. This process seeks to glorify, preserve, promote, and solidify the brazen and militant coming-out movement of sodomites through a concrete and visible inclusion into

America's national narrative. Jarvis said, "The Park Service is, in my view, America's storyteller through place. It's important that the places we recognize represent the full complement of the American experience."

According to Jarvis, national parks, which are government property, should be places that give recognition and tell the stories of all who have contributed to America's history. Yet, at Mt. Soledad National War Memorial near San Diego, a cross that had stood there since 1913 was recently removed by court order. In 2001, a judge forced the removal of a cross from Mojave National Preserve that had, since 1934, honored Americans who died in WWI. In 2002, a federal judge compelled Alabama's chief justice, Roy Moore, to remove the Ten Commandments from the court's building. In 2005, the Supreme Court ruled that a display of the Ten Commandments in the McCreary County courthouse in Kentucky was unconstitutional. The recently invented but already worn out excuse of conflict between church and state, a false antithesis that was given no credence during the first 200 years of America's existence, cannot be used to justify other desecrations that are being carried out across America. In 2003, Missouri governor Bob Holden unilaterally ordered the removal of Confederate flags that had flown over the Confederate cemetery at Higginsville and Ft. Davidson at Pilot Knob. The Memphis, Tennessee, city council changed the names of Forrest Park to Health Sciences Park, Confederate Park to Memphis Park, and Jefferson Davis Park to Mississippi Park. The California legislature enacted a law banning the display and sale of Confederate items on state property. The state flag of Mississippi is currently under attack because it bears the Battle Flag in one corner. Why is special recognition now being extended to those whose only claim of identity is sex, but the traditional and historic recognition of the accomplishments and contributions of Christians, Jews, and southerners is being withdrawn? The blatant and selective application of hypocrisy and malevolent biasness is appalling. None of this makes sense, but then, it does not have to if brute force replaces reason. By their actions, it is clear that the National Park Service is intent on using national parks as tools of propaganda. Like

Rudd continued on page 6...



Historians Corner, Paul R Petersen

Paul is the Author of *Quantrill of Missouri*, *Quantrill in Texas*, *Quantrill at Lawrence and Lost Souls of the Lost Township*. Petersen is a retired U.S. Marine Corps master sergeant and a highly decorated infantry combat veteran of the Vietnam War, Operation Desert Storm, and Operation Iraqi Freedom. He is a member of the William Clarke Quantrill Society, the James-Younger Gang Association, the Sons of the American Revolution, and the Jackson County and Missouri State Historical Societies.

The John B. Saunders Home

A few examples of historic homes still stand reminding us of the terrible times along the Missouri-Kansas border during the Civil War. In December 1860 William Clarke Quantrill foiled an attempted Kansas Jayhawker raid on the Morgan Walker farm in Blue Springs, Missouri. The Jayhawkers were attempting to steal Walker's thoroughbred horses, mules, slaves and the large amount of cash he was known to keep in his house. In retaliation Jayhawkers only increased in numbers to continue their depredations.

On Tuesday morning, October 1, 1861, a squad of Jayhawkers struck near Walker's farm. They rode from farmhouse to farmhouse and pillaged the farmers of money, silverware, and jewelry. One of the residents rushed word of the raid to Quantrill, and he quickly rode to Walker's farm. There he gathered Andrew Walker, Morgan T. Mattox, John Little, William Haller, John Hampton, and six other youths, and they raced after the Jayhawkers.

Quantrill formed his men into an ambush on the Independence and Blue Springs Road and waited for the Jayhawkers. Somehow the raiders got wind of the trap and detoured to another road with people to rob. Two miles west of the Walker farm, the Jayhawkers attacked the farm of

Daniel DeWitt, which had been the last hiding place of the Jayhawkers prior to the ambush at the Walker farm the previous December. The Jayhawkers then moved north toward the Strother Stone farm. Here they insulted Stone's wife, and one of them struck her on the head with his revolver when she protested their actions. After looting the house, they rode down the road to the farm of William Thompson.

As Quantrill and his men came riding up they saw Stone's wife standing in her yard, her face covered with blood, pointing out which way the Jayhawkers had headed. For a brief moment the Southerners

were stunned at the sight of the shaken, bleeding woman. James Campbell recalled that Quantrill had told his companions earlier, "Any member of his troop who insulted a woman should be shot." After they resumed the race toward the Thompson farm, their shock turned to anger. The Jayhawkers had already set fire to the Thompson place by the time the guerrillas arrived, but they had not as yet ridden away. Many were just mounting their horses when Quantrill and his men boldly charged toward them.

Quantrill was the first to charge into the Jayhawkers with his gun blazing. Already known as an unerring shot, he killed the man who had struck Mrs. Stone. His men wounded two others. The rest of the Jayhawkers fled down the Old Blue Springs Road (later R. D. Mize Road) toward the safety of Independence, five miles away. The fight became a wild horse race as Quantrill's men continued in hot pursuit of the Jayhawkers.

One of the Jayhawkers was shot from his saddle in front of the John B. Saunder's home. The home had been built in the early 1850's by slaves of homemade bricks burned in a kiln located on the property. The Saunder family were Southern sympathizers, but they carried the wounded soldier into their home, nursed him back to life and strength, and enabled him to rejoin his command.

When word of the Jayhawker's death reached Independence, Unionist citizens clamored for an arrest; this was the first instance of a Federal soldier being killed in Jackson County. The town marshal arrested both Stone and Thompson the next day for the soldier's death.

Not wanting innocent men to be charged for something that he had done, but knowing that he might be putting his life in danger, Quantrill went to

Continued on page 7...



Richard Rudd continued from page 5...

Antiochus IV, Jarvis' statement testifies of his plan to defile and desecrate America's national sites.

Our Confederate ancestors lost their valiant fight to save the southland. Now, we who are their descendants are fighting just to save cemeteries, parks, and enough ground for a flagpole. We have not and should not lose our sense of the importance of place. But the real battleground is not on *terra firma*; it is in the mind. "Do not be conformed to this world but be transformed by the renewal of your mind, that you may prove what is the will of God, what is good and acceptable and perfect." (Rom. 12:2) We must work to renew the minds of the uninformed and misguided so they can be enabled to distinguish the difference between bias hypocrisy and truth. However, when reason fails to soften stiff necks, we must prepare to strategically position ourselves to employ justified force for the common good. The duty associated with our birthright demands it; the future of America depends on it!

Fr. Richard Rudd
Hughes Camp Chaplain

A salute to Dave McCann! By Camp Member David Goodman

Dave (frequently accompanied by his wife Shirley) have maintained the Perdue cemetery for over 30 years, including the graves of Mark Perdue (my GGG) and his son, William (my GG). Dave also set military markers (see photos) and did a great job!! Shirley is also a descendant of Mark Perdue.

Mark's obituary in the April 28, 1900 Oak Grove Banner reads:

"At the outbreak of the Civil War Mr. Perdue espoused the cause of the South and for three years served under Gen. Joe Shelby. His comrades say that he made a splendid soldier."

Mark enlisted Aug. 12th, 1862 (the day after the battle of Independence) with Col. Gideon Thompson (as was true for

Cole Younger and recounted in his book) and was with Gen. Hughes the day before. He is listed in the 2nd Mo. Calvary (also known as the Jackson Cty. Calvary, later the 12th Mo. Calvary, Co. G.

The UDC's survey in the 30's stated that Mark and William "participated in many battles in Mo. and Ark." According to the history of Vernon Cty.:

"Mr. Perdue (William) enlisted in Shank's regiment, Shelby's brigade, of the C.S.A. and was with Price during the latter part of the war when that gallant leader made his famous charge."

Father and son surrendered in New Orleans on May 25th, 1865., and were paroled in June.

Thanks again, Dave M., for all that you do!!
David Goodman



The Graves of Mark and William Perdue in the Perdue Cemetery.



Paul Petersen continued...

Independence and had a justice of the peace assist him in swearing out an affidavit stating that the killing was his responsibility. To Andrew Walker, Quantrill said, "They can't catch me, and I'll save 'em if I can." This affidavit satisfied the authorities, and Stone and Thompson were released. After learning the circumstances of the Jayhawker's death, the authorities brought no charges against Quantrill. This incident, however, led the Unionist militia in Independence to target Quantrill, and for a short time he was forced into hiding.

The Jayhawkers remained in Jackson County continuing their depredations. Three weeks later they raided the Brooking Township eight miles south of Independence. On October 27, they burned the home of Martin Flanery, who then joined Quantrill. Flanery reported that Charles Jennison's Jayhawkers had burned a church and twenty-seven other homes in the neighborhood and had pillaged the home of Reuben Harris in the middle of the night.

Two years later, during General Thomas Ewing's infamous Order #11, orders were given to burn Southern homes in Jackson County. The soldier who had been nursed back to health by the Saunder's family had risen to the ranks of command. He used his authority to order that whoever touched fire to Saunder's home would have to answer to him in person. The old home was still there when Saunders returned after the war. In 1884 it became the James Latimer home. In 1918 it was acquired by Lester H. Haas who operated a dairy and orchard on the farm. The old house still stands at 17601 R. D. Mize Road. Today as people pass by few realize its significance to those terrible times.

Paul R. Petersen

Ref:
Pearl Wilcox, Jackson County Pioneers, 1975, Jackson County Historical Society
Paul R. Petersen, Quantrill of Missouri, 2003, Cumberland House Publishing

Brigadier General John T. Hughes Camp No. 614 Schedule of Events 2014

Battle of Lone Jack Commemoration, Lone Jack, Missouri

Date: August 16th

Outlaw Days Richmond Missouri

Date: September 6 2014

150th Anniversary 1864 Battle of Centralia Missouri

Dates: September 13-14 201

44th Annual Jesse James Festival Kearney Missouri

Dates: September 21-22 2014

<http://jessejamesfestival.com/>

Cannonball Festival Holt Missouri

Date: October 4 2014

150th Anniversary 1864 Battle of Glasgow Missouri

Dates: October 11-12 2014

150th Anniversary 1864 Battle of Albany Richmond Missouri

Dates: October 24-26 2014

<http://battleofalbany-raycountymo.angelfire.com/>

Secession Day Dinner November 1, 2014

Remembering Missouri's Secession from the Union on October 31, 1861

When: November 1, 2014
Social Hour starts at 5:30 PM
Greetings and Dinner starts at
6:00 PM followed by the "Cole
Younger and Frank James
Wild West Show" !

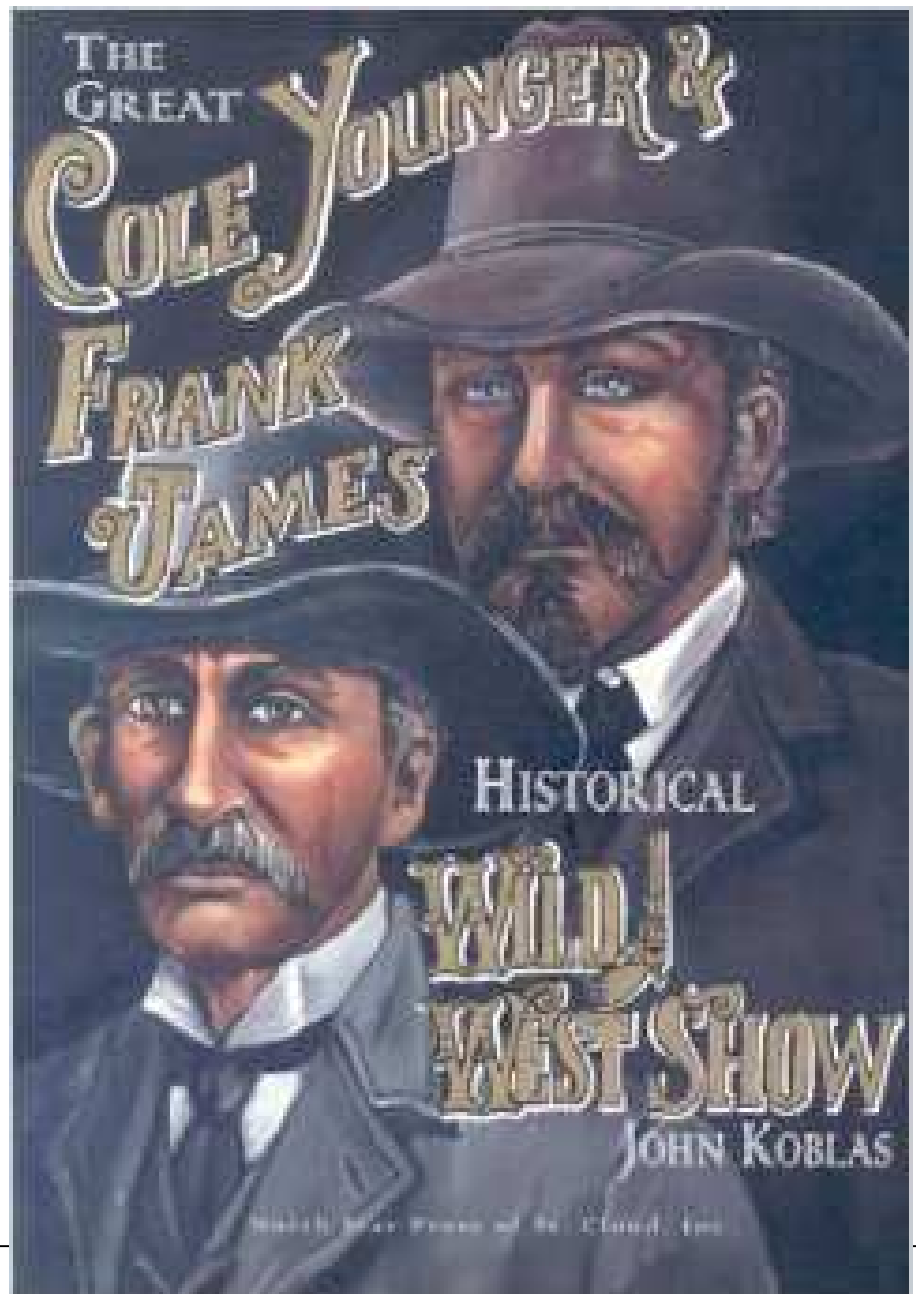
Where: Inn at Grand Glaize
5141 Highway 54
P.O. Box 969
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1-800-348-4731

You won't want to
miss the
"Cole Younger and
Frank James Wild
West Show"!

This year we will
have Dave Bears as
Cole Younger and
Gregg Higginbotham
as Frank James, as
they reminisce about
the good old days!

Both Dave and Gregg
are actors for Wide
Awake Films and
have appeared in
many documentary
movies about the
War.

See next page for
registration
information!



Secession Day Dinner November 1, 2014

Remembering the Anniversary of Missouri's Secession on October 31, 1861



Hosted by the Missouri Society– Military Order of the Stars and Bars.

We have something new and exciting for you this year! You won't want to miss the:

“Cole Younger and Frank James Wild West Show”

That's right, we're turning the banquet room into the big tent! Well, not quite all that. But we'll be entertained by *Dave Bears as Cole Younger and Gregg Higginbotham as Frank James.*

Both Dave and Gregg are actors that have appeared in many War Between the States documentaries and you'll enjoy their performance.

Inn at Grand Glaize

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We have secured a room rate of \$69 per night plus tax. Make your reservations early to get that rate, tell them you are with the MOSB Secession Day Dinner!

4:30 PM Executive Council Meeting

5:30 PM - Doors open for Social Hour Mint Juleps provided or there's a cash bar available!

6:00 PM - The Dinner begins with greetings from the Missouri Society Commander, Larry Yeatman to be followed by Dinner and “*The Wild West Show*”

Cost is \$30 per adult. Children under 12 are \$15 Registration deadline is October 25th, 2014.

Please use the following registration form to send in your reservation! For questions, call Larry Yeatman at 816-728-2291 or email at larryyeatman@msn.com We hope to see you all there! *Deo Vindice! Larry Yeatman, Missouri Society MOSB Commander*

2014 Missouri Secession Day Dinner Registration Form

Name _____

Number of Guest and names _____

Total Number of people _____ X \$30.00 per person = \$ _____

Total Number of children under 12 _____ X \$15.00 per person = \$ _____

Total enclosed \$ _____

Please make your checks payable to Missouri Society - MOSB

Return to: Larry Yeatman, Missouri Society Commander
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Gladstone, Mo 64119